proof of identity for purposes of sections 605A, 605B, and 609(a)(1) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act. In developing these requirements, the consumer reporting agencies must:

- (1) Ensure that the information is sufficient to enable the consumer reporting agency to match consumers with their files; and
- (2) Adjust the information to be commensurate with an identifiable risk of harm arising from misidentifying the consumer.
- (b) Examples of information that might constitute reasonable information requirements for proof of identity are provided for illustrative purposes only, as follows:
- (1) Consumer file match: The identification information of the consumer including his or her full name (first, middle initial, last, suffix), any other or previously used names, current and/ or recent full address (street number and name, apt. no., city, state, and zip code), full 9 digits of Social Security number, and/or date of birth.
- (2) Additional proof of identity: copies of government issued identification documents, utility bills, and/or other methods of authentication of a person's identity which may include, but would not be limited to, answering questions to which only the consumer might be expected to know the answer.

[69 FR 63934, Nov. 3, 2004]

PART 640—DUTIES OF CREDITORS REGARDING RISK-BASED PRICING

Sec

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AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 108-159, sec. 311; 15 U.S.C. 1681m(h).

Source: 75 FR 2769, Jan. 15, 2010, unless otherwise noted.

§ 640.1 Scope.

- (a) Coverage—(1) In general. This part applies to any person that both—
- (i) Uses a consumer report in connection with an application for, or a grant,

extension, or other provision of, credit to a consumer that is primarily for personal, family, or household purposes; and

- (ii) Based in whole or in part on the consumer report, grants, extends, or otherwise provides credit to the consumer on material terms that are materially less favorable than the most favorable material terms available to a substantial proportion of consumers from or through that person.
- (2) Business credit excluded. This part does not apply to an application for, or a grant, extension, or other provision of, credit to a consumer or to any other applicant primarily for a business purpose.
- (b) Relation to Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System rules. The rules in this part were developed jointly with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) and are substantively identical to the Board's risk-based pricing rules in 12 CFR part 222. Both rules apply to the covered person described in paragraph (a) of this section. Compliance with either the Board's rules or the Commission's rules satisfies the requirements of the statute (15 U.S.C. 1681m(h)).
- (c) *Enforcement*. The provisions of this part will be enforced in accordance with the enforcement authority set forth in sections 621(a) and (b) of the FCRA.

§ 640.2 Definitions.

For purposes of this part, the following definitions apply:

- (a) Adverse action has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(k)(1)(A).
- (b) Annual percentage rate has the same meaning as in 12 CFR 226.14(b) with respect to an open-end credit plan and as in 12 CFR 226.22 with respect to closed-end credit.
- (c) Closed-end credit has the same meaning as in 12 CFR 226.2(a)(10).
- (d) Consumer has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(c).
- as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(c).

 (e) Consummation has the same mean-
- ing as in 12 CFR 226.2(a)(13).
 (f) Consumer report has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(d).
- (g) Consumer reporting agency has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(f).
- (h) Credit has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 1681a(r)(5).